

2022 Rhode Island Greenhouse Gas Inventory

Presentation to the RI EC4

December 11, 2024



DEM
RHODE ISLAND

Introduction



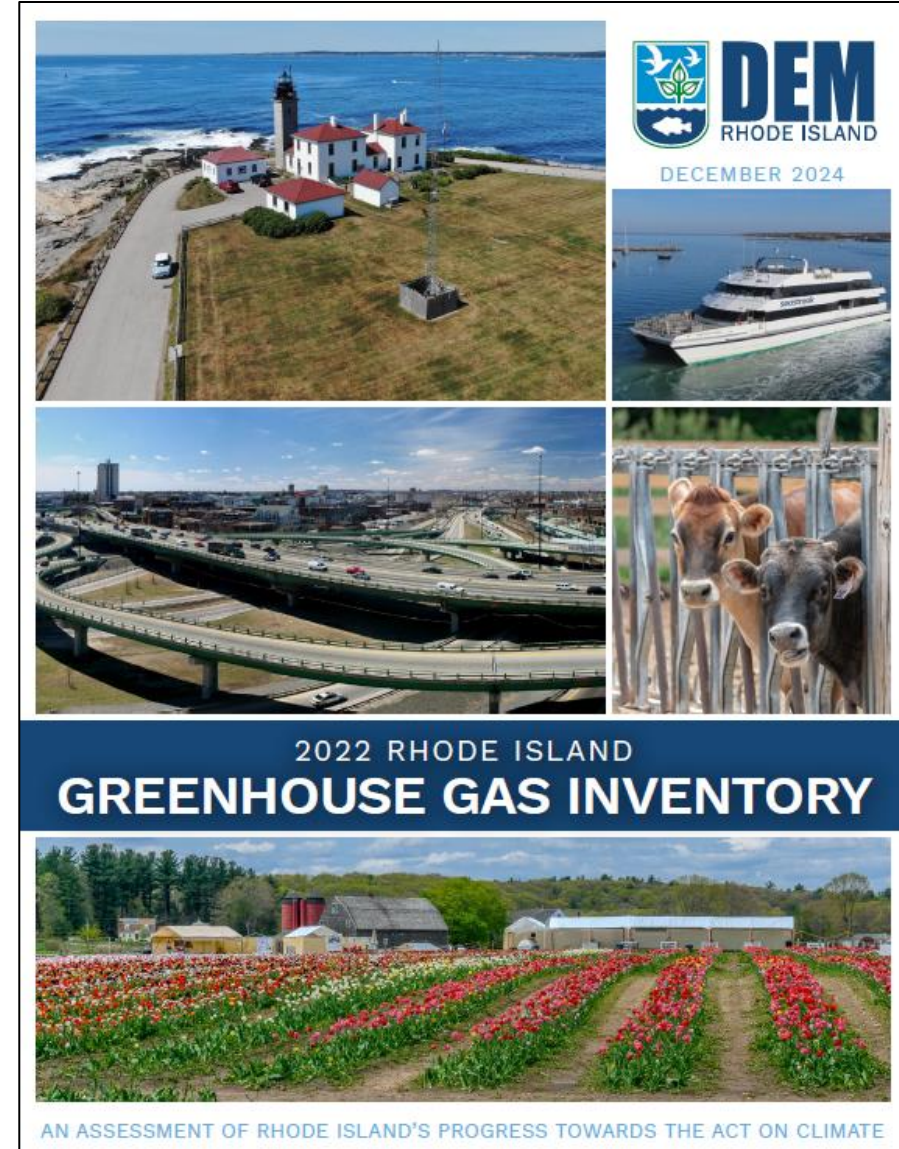
Assesses Climate-Warming Emissions from Rhode Island



Primary Scientific Metric for the Act on Climate



Annual Emissions Estimates 1990-2022



Act on Climate Requirements

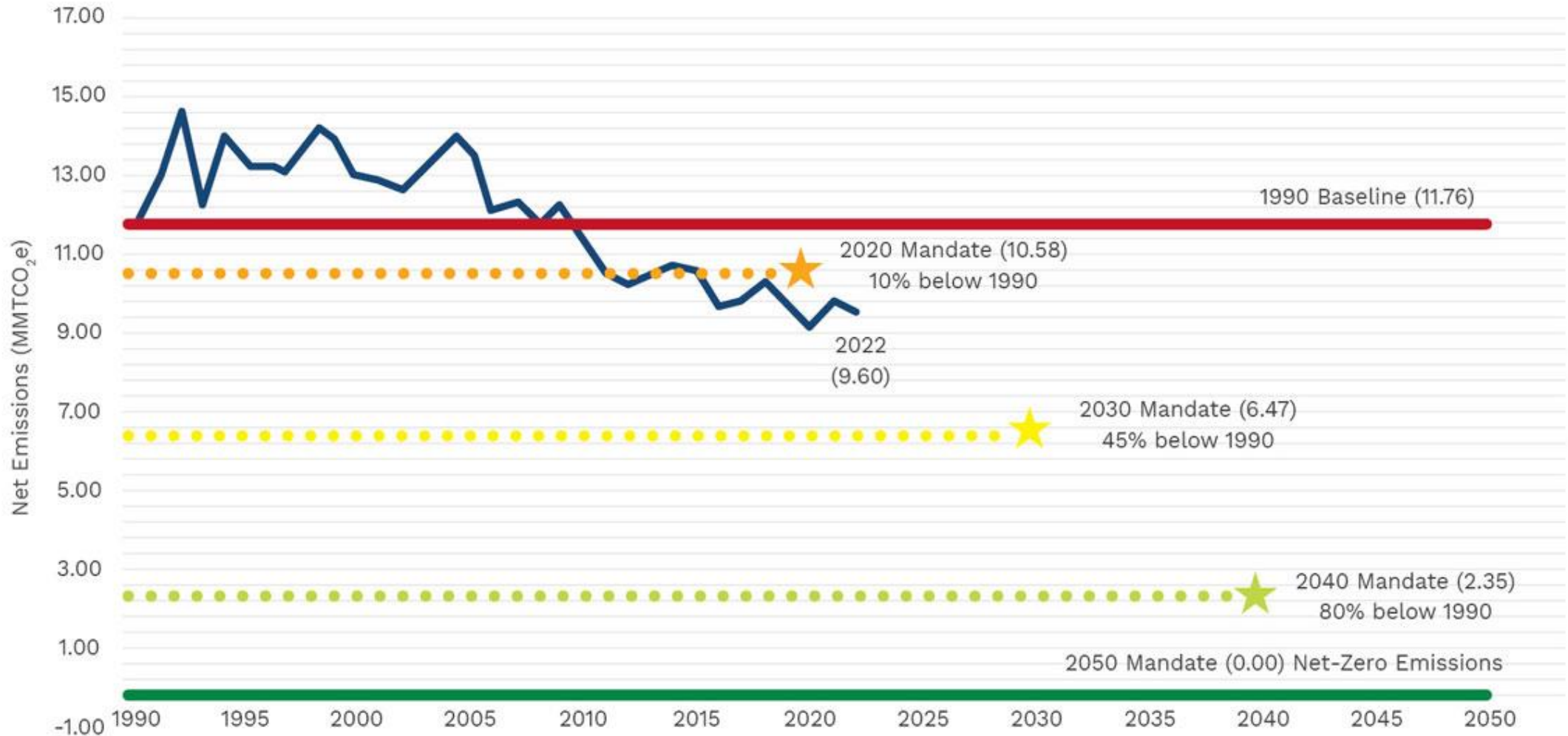


R.I. General Laws § 42-6.2-9. Specifies “Mandatory Targets for Emissions Reduction”:

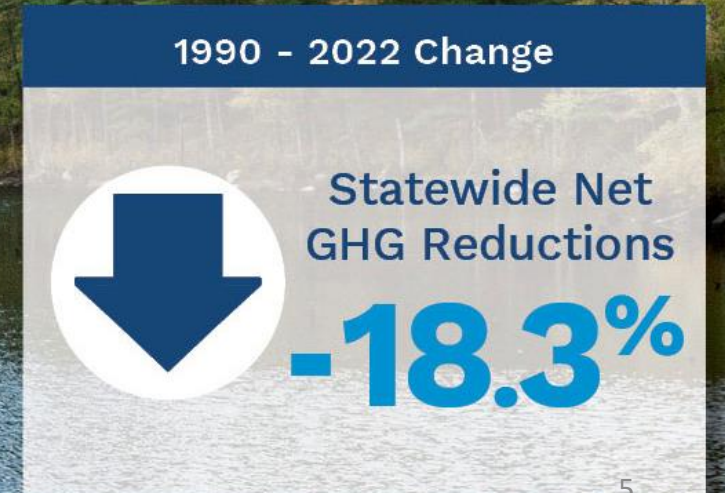
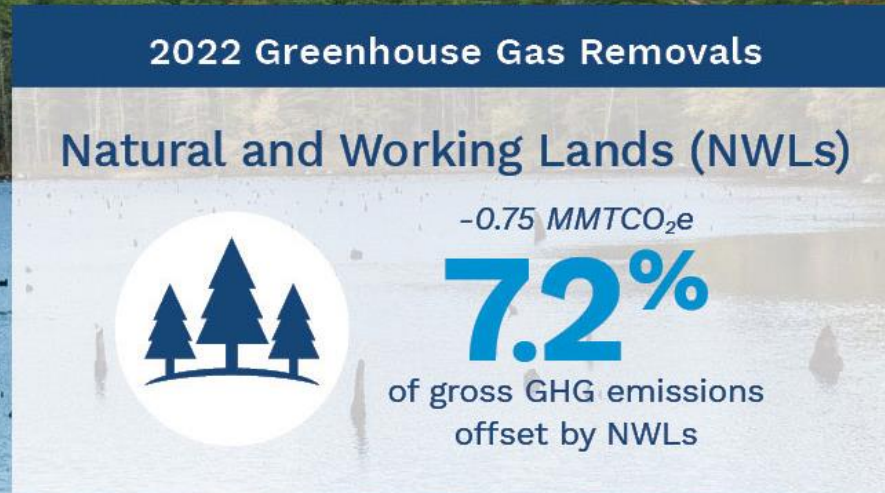
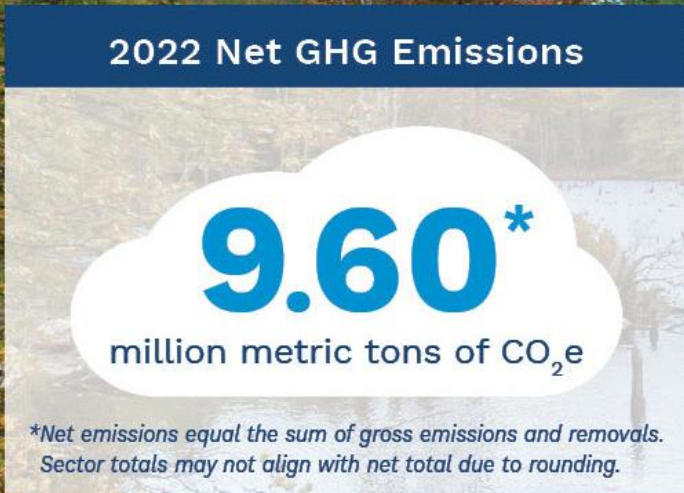


1990-2022 RHODE ISLAND GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS

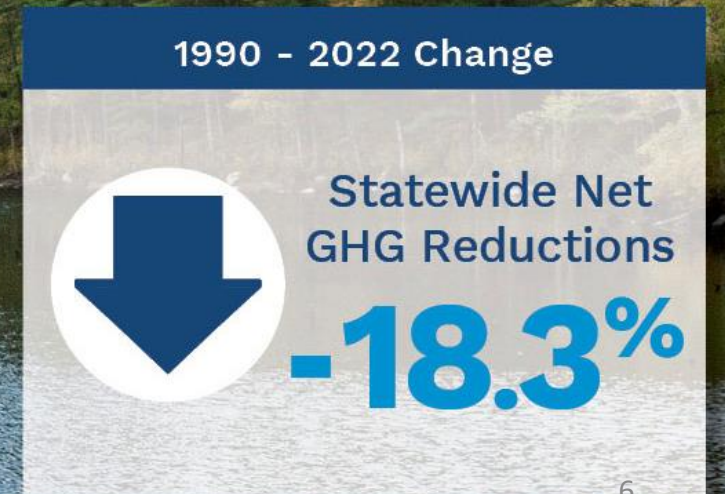
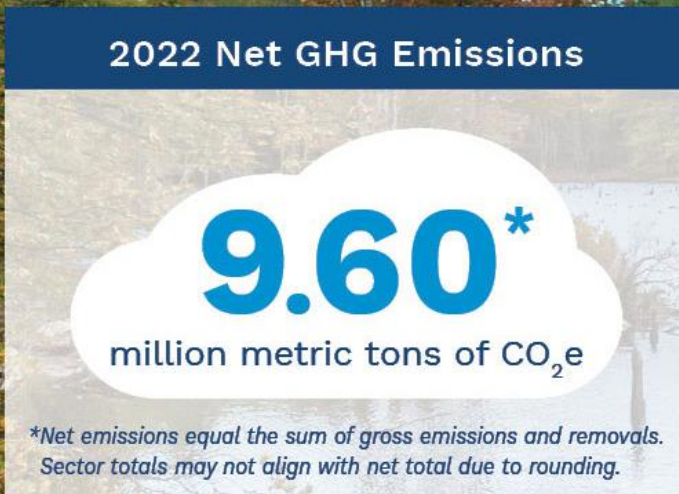
ACT ON CLIMATE REQUIREMENTS



2022 Gross Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions



2022 Gross Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions



2022 Gross Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions



2022 Net GHG Emissions

9.60*
million metric tons of CO₂e

*Net emissions equal the sum of gross emissions and removals. Sector totals may not align with net total due to rounding.

2022 Greenhouse Gas Removals

Natural and Working Lands (NWLs)

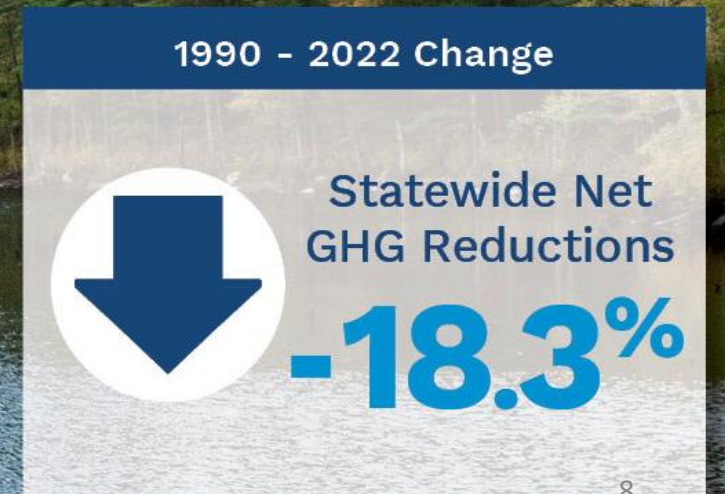
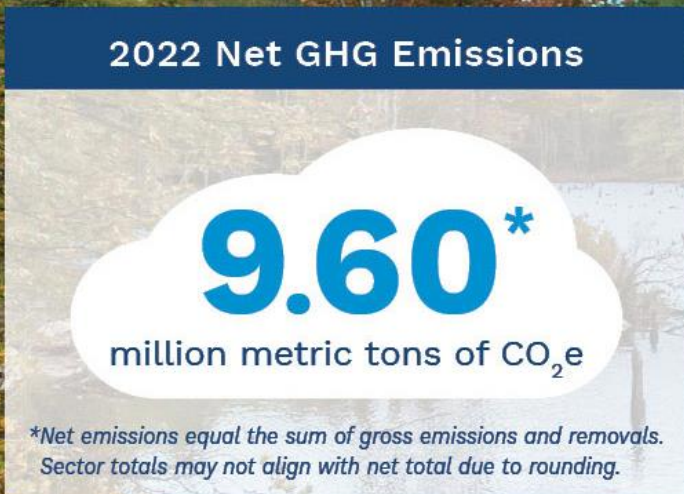
-0.75 MMT_{CO₂e}
7.2%
of gross GHG emissions offset by NWLs

1990 - 2022 Change

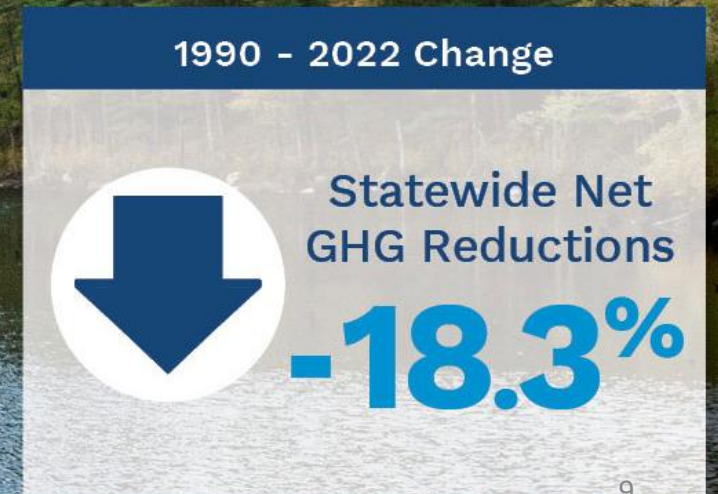
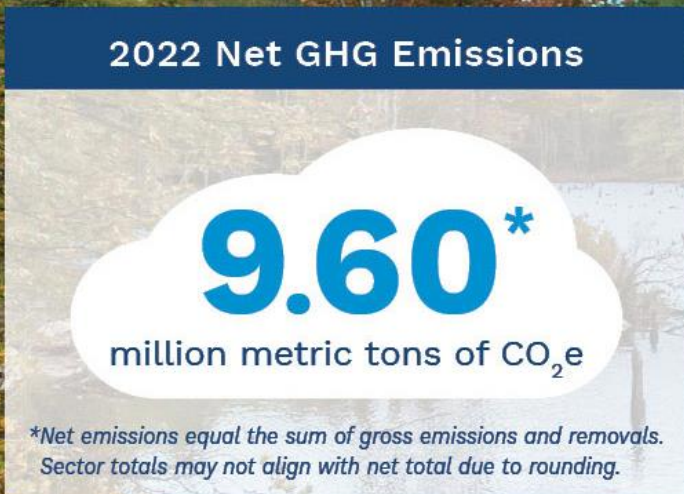
Statewide Net GHG Reductions

-18.3%

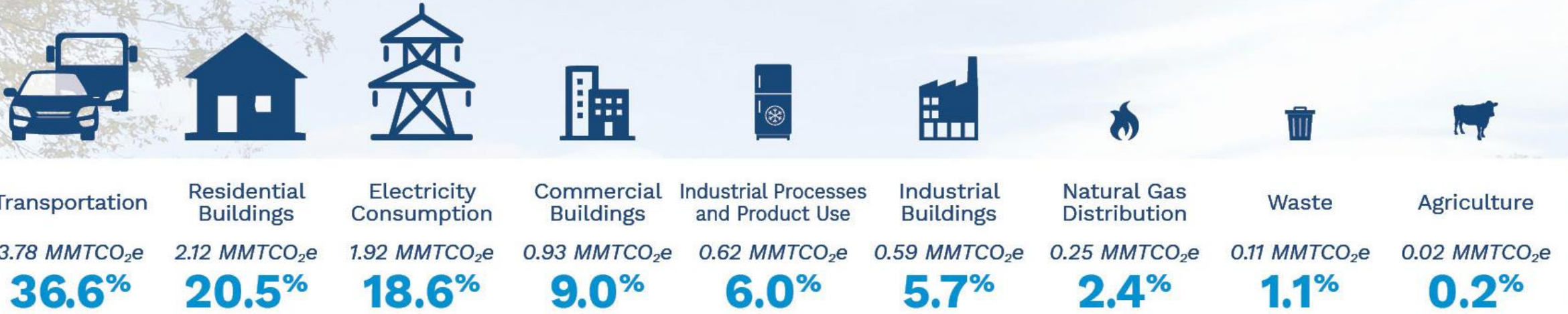
2022 Gross Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions



2022 Gross Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions



2022 Gross Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions



2022 Net GHG Emissions

9.60*
million metric tons of CO₂e

**Net emissions equal the sum of gross emissions and removals. Sector totals may not align with net total due to rounding.*

2022 Greenhouse Gas Removals

Natural and Working Lands (NWLs)



-0.75 MMTCO₂e
7.2%

of gross GHG emissions offset by NWLs

1990 - 2022 Change



Statewide Net GHG Reductions
-18.3%

Transportation Emissions Since 2021



Aircraft **Increased 18.6%**



Highway Vehicles **Decreased 4.0%**



Non-Road Sources **Decreased 10.5%**

**Overall Transportation Sector
Change: -3.4%**



Credit: Rhode Island Airport Corporation

Building Emissions Since 2021



Residential Buildings
Decreased 1.2%

- 2022 Slightly Cooler Year
- Advances in Energy Efficiency, and Weatherization, and Electric Heat
- Wood Heating Emissions Increased



Electricity Emissions Since 2021



Electricity Consumption **Decreased 1.2%**

- Renewables supplied 19.3% of electricity
- Priciest natural gas since 2014
 - Expensive imported LNG (Russia-Ukraine war)
 - Pipeline constraints due to cold spells in Jan., Feb., and Dec.



Credit: Tiverton Power, LLC

Statewide Emissions Since 1990



Transportation
Decreased 18.3%



Residential Buildings
Decreased 10.9%



Electricity Consumption
Decreased 31.7%



Credit: University of Massachusetts, Amherst

Recent Methodology Improvements



**Improved Livestock
Population Data**



**Improved Non-Road
Sources Fuel Data**



**Added Flooded Land
Emissions and Forest
Carbon Storage**



Breene Hollow Farm, West Greenwich



Natural Gas Distribution Methodology Improvement

- Will improve fugitive emissions estimates from all aspects of the gas system
- Plan to release draft methodology for public comment in Q1 2025



Credit: Rhode Island Office of Energy Resources

What's on the Horizon for 2025?



Comprehensive Greenhouse Gas Inventory Report

- Short chapter for each sector
- Full methodology write-up
- Plan to publish alongside the *2025 Climate Action Strategy*



Credit: Rhode Island Department of Transportation

Questions? Thank You!

Joseph Poccia

Air Quality Specialist II

joseph.a.poccia@dem.ri.gov

dem.ri.gov/ghg-inventory



DEM
RHODE ISLAND